



Mapping wind resources - state of the art

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Publication date:
2008

Document Version
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

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Citation (APA):
Mortensen, N. G. (Author), & Hansen, J. C. (Author). (2008). Mapping wind resources - state of the art. Sound/Visual production (digital)

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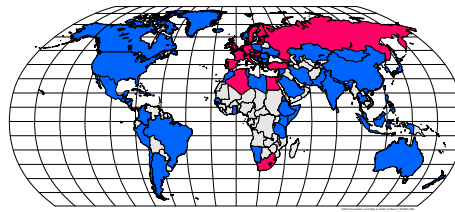
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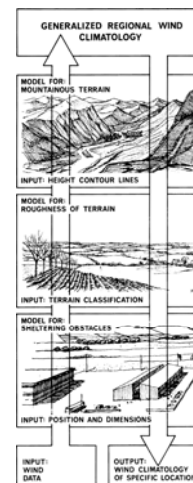
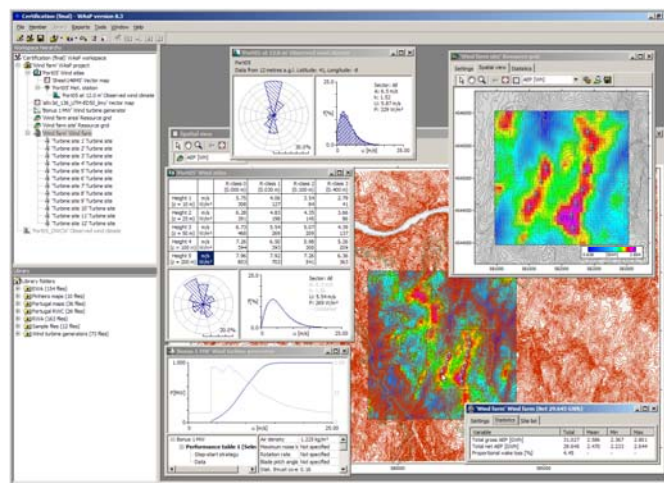
Mapping wind resources – state of the art

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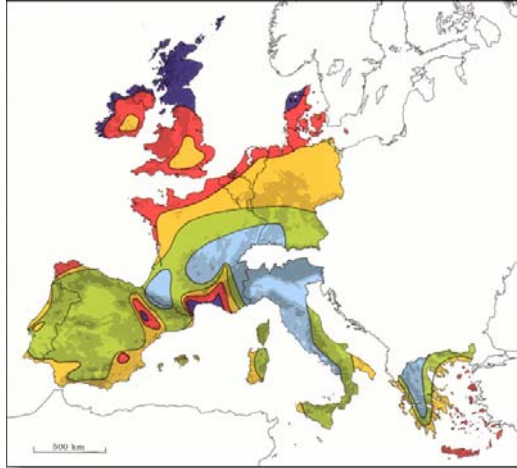


Risø DTU
National Laboratory for Sustainable Energy

Observational wind atlas



European Wind Atlas

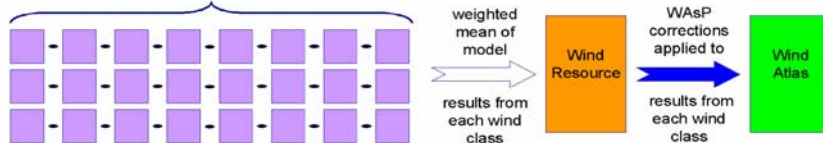


- 12 countries in Europe
 - EU project 1981-89
- 220 met. stations
 - Wind data for 10 years
 - wind atlas analyses
- 656-page book
 - EU wind potential
 - handbook of siting
 - database of wind
- CD-ROM containing
 - observed wind data
 - modelled wind data
- Applications
 - only overall planning

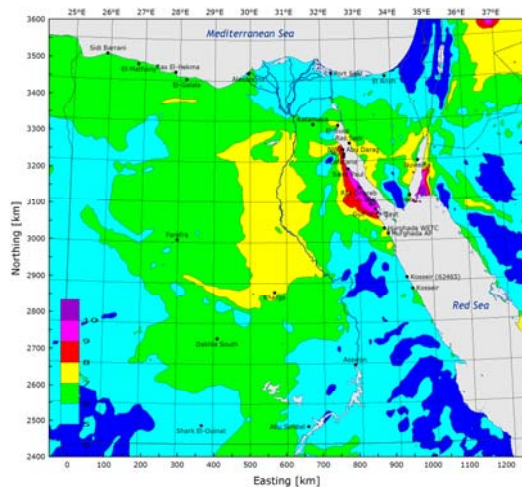
Numerical wind atlas – mesoscale

- Inputs
 - NCEP/NCAR reanalysis data-set
 - terrain topography – elevation and roughness – satellite and SRTM data
- Outputs
 - generalised regional wind climate for large domains
- Applications
 - planning and project preparation
 - assessment of mesoscale effects at wind farm projects

mesoscale model (KAMM) forced by N large-scale wind classes

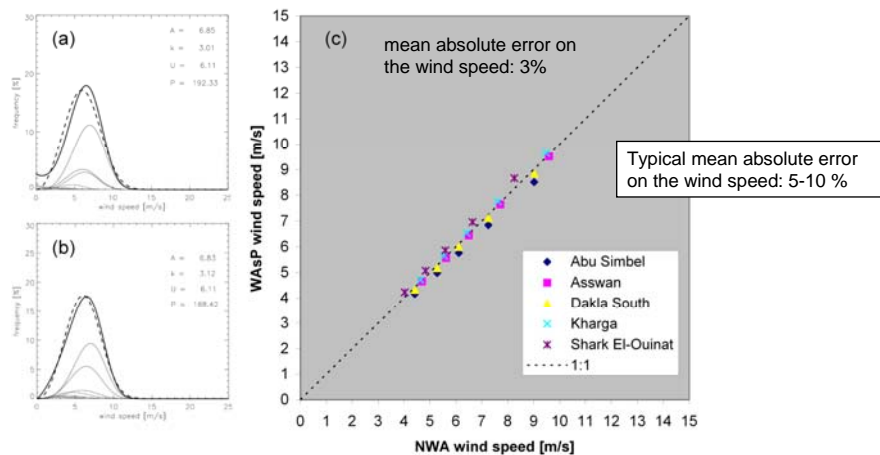


Numerical Wind Atlas for Egypt



- Numerical wind atlas
 - NCEP/NCAR data
 - mesoscale modelling
 - SRTM30 elevations
 - GLCC land use
- Observational wind atlas
 - 30 met. stations
 - microscale modelling
 - SRTM3 elevations
 - Land use from GE
- Comprehensive outputs
 - Wind Atlas for Egypt
 - OWC/RWC databases
 - > 50,000 *.lib files!
 - Verified and reliable
 - Application ready!

Verification – example



State-of-the-art wind atlas methodology

Scale	Mesoscale	Pre-processing Wind classes Terrain elevation Terrain roughness Input specifications Model setup	Modelling KAMM WRF MC2 MM5 etc.	Post-processing Predicted wind climate Regional wind climate Predicted wind resource for selected terrain site coordinates	Numerical WA Mesoscale maps Database WAsP *.LIB files Uncertainties Parameters
	Measurements	Met. stations Siting Design Construction Installation Operation	Wind data Data collection Quality control Wind database Wind statistics Observed wind climate	Verification Meso- and microscale results vs. measured data Adjust model and model parameters to fit data Satellite imagery (offshore sites only)	Applications Best practices Courses and training Microscale flow model Wind farm wake model ⇒ Wind farm AEP
	Microscale	Pre-processing Wind speed distributions Wind direction distribution Terrain elevation Terrain roughness Sheltering obstacles	Modelling WAsP MS-Micro CFD-models etc.	Post-processing Regional wind climate Predicted wind climate Predicted wind resource for selected terrain site coordinates	Observational WA Microscale maps Database WAsP *.LIB files Uncertainties Parameters

7

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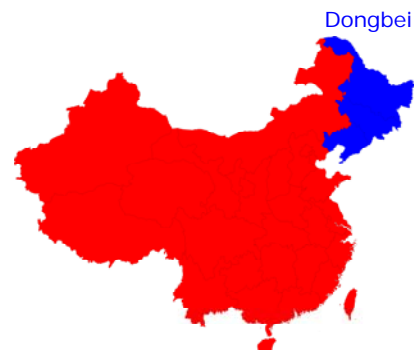
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Mesoscale and microscale modelling in China

“Sino-Danish Wind Energy Development Programme” - Dongbei 2008-2009

Strategy

- Twinning arrangement – initiate long-term, strategic cooperation between CMA and Risø DTU
- Development of numerical wind atlas methodologies
- Development of measurement practices
- Emphasis on application of results for wind energy planning and project preparation.
- Emphasis on verification and uncertainties
- Full-scale testing and verification in Dongbei: Liaoning, Jilin and Heilongjiang



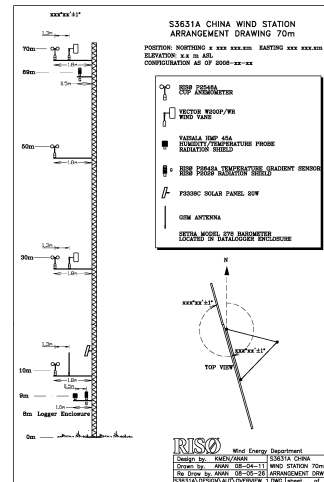
8

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Measurements

- Lattice-type meteorological towers
 - 12 tall masts (70 & 100 m)
 - accurate installation of sensors
 - easy inspection and maintenance
- Sensors
 - high-quality, double instrumented
 - wind speeds at 3 or 4 levels \Rightarrow vertical wind profile
 - temperature difference sensors \Rightarrow atmospheric stability
- Data acquisition system
 - Daily GSM transfer to database
 - local backup in logger
 - high data recovery rates



70-m mast installed in Dongbei



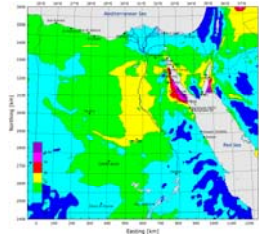
70-m mast installed in Dongbei



Modelling

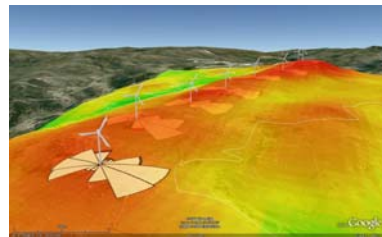
• Mesoscale modelling

- KAMM/WAsP numerical wind atlas
- covers large areas
- fast and cost-effective
- regional wind climate @ grid points
- provides inputs for microscale
- comparisons of several models: KAMM, WRF, MM5 and MC2



• Microscale modelling

- analysis of 12 met. towers
- analysis of CMA met. stations
- WAsP observational wind atlas
- regional wind climate @ tower
- parameter studies used for localisation of model setup
- same model as for applications



By the end of 2009

• 12 measurement stations in operation

- nine 70-m + three 100-m masts
- double instrumentations: Risø and CMA

• Observational Wind Atlas

- measurements and microscale modelling
- for regions close to the towers and met. stations

• Numerical Wind Atlas

- reanalysis data and mesoscale modelling
- covering all of Dongbei with a resolution of 5 km

• Verification of numerical wind atlas against towers and met. stations

• Databases, tools and guidelines

Ideas for the future

So, the mean wind climate is being done now, what's next...?

Here are some quick ideas:

- Wind conditions and site assessment (IEC 61400-1)
 - extreme winds
 - wind profiles and shear
 - terrain and flow angles
 - free-stream turbulence intensity
 - wind farm wake turbulence
- Extreme Wind Atlas
- More on stability effects
- Long-term wind climatologies at reference stations
- ...

And, not to forget, application of improved methodologies to all of China!